WEST GERMAN STORY

NAZI GENERALS plus . . .

Heusinger: Fight Women and Children

"Troops are entitled and obliged to use every method in the fight, including measures against women and children. Any sort of reluctance would be a crime against the German people."

Colonel Adolf Heusinger, Chief of Operations of Army High Command
December 24th 1942

"Operation Kalavrita continued without contact with the enemy. As reprisal measure 9 villages were destroyed, 142 male inhabitants shot."

Colonel Adolf Heusinger, in Daily Report, Balkans
December 12th 1943

Today: General Adolf Heusinger is Chairman of NATO's Permanent Military Committee in Washington.

Heusinger (left) and Hitler plan strategy in 1942

Speidel and Hitler in Montmartre, Paris in 1940

Speidel: 1000 Jews Deported

"The following retaliatory measures were ordered in the period under review: . . . bb) On February 14th 10 Communists and Jews were shot . . . dd) In Tours, large-scale raids were made on Communists and Jews . . . In connection with the measures under bb) to dd), an order was given for the whole area for the transfer to German detention of 1000 Communists and Jews. These have been made ready for deportation to the East."

Lieutenant General Hans Speidel, General Staff Chief in Occupied Paris, Fontainebleau
February 28th 1942

Today: General Hans Speidel is Commander of NATO Land Forces in Central Europe, Fontainebleau.

Foertsch: Massacre Ordered

"On January 4th 1944 German troops (under orders of Lieutenant General Friedrich Foertsch) rounded up all civilians in the village of Gorushka, about 100 persons, including myself and my five children, the youngest 5 years old. They drove us to a house in the middle of the village and fired at us with machine guns . . . Then they threw hand grenades amongst us, covered the pile of corpses with straw, and set fire to this and the houses."

Witness at Soviet Military Court which sentenced Foertsch to 25 years in prison.

Today: Lieutenant General Foertsch is Inspector General (top commander) of West German Army, Navy and Air Force.

General Foertsch (left) gets "Knight's Cross" in 1944

... MEGADEATH WEAPONS plus ...

PLEDGE OF 1954 ...

The Chancellor of the Federal Republic of Germany declares: that the Federal Republic undertakes not to manufacture in its territory:

1. Guided and long-distance MISSILES
2. WARSHIPS over 3000 tons
3. U-BOATS over 350 tons
4. BOMBER aircraft for strategic purposes
5. Influence and magnetic MINES
6. ATOMIC, BIOLOGICAL and CHEMICAL WEAPONS

... AND HOW IT WAS BROKEN

April 23rd 1958 — Western European Union OK's anti-tank MISSILES

October 16th 1958 — Western European Union OK's training WARSHIP ("Deutschland") of 4800 tons

October 21st 1959 — Western European Union OK's surface-air and air-air MISSILES. (W. Germany orders MACE missiles — range over 600 miles)

December 3rd 1959 — Western European Union General Assembly recommends lifting limit on U-BOATS to 1000 tons (Not yet approved). West Germany recommissions old 2000-ton U-boat and starts building fleet of powerful pocket U-boats (350 tons).

December 17th 1960 — W. Germany and NATO agree on huge force of F-104 G Starfighters. New model, a fighter-BOMBER, can carry A-bombs to USSR. (To be built by World War II firms of Dornier, Heinkel, Messerschmitt, Focke-Wulf)

May 24th 1961 — Western European Union OK's WARSHIPS up to 6000 tons (to carry missiles). Also OK's influence MINES.

West Germany's first rocket test in 1959 (Honest John rocket)

WHAT ABOUT ATOMIC WEAPONS?

On the left you can see what has happened to West Germany's pledges not to make heavy conventional weapons. West Germany now has the strongest armed forces in western Europe. What about her pledge on atomic weapons?

For years, West Germany has been trying to get atomic bombs or atomic warheads for its missiles. Whether together with France (at first) or as part of a NATO "4th atomic force" which it would dominate, West Germany is out to get control of atomic weapons for its nazi generals by any and all means possible.

Part of W. Germany's New Luftwaffe

"INDISPENSABLE"

"Unilateral renunciation of atomic arms would mean that the Federal Republic could not be defended ... Our sense of responsibility for the soldiers entrusted to us compels us to demand atomic arms, which are indispensable. The Bundeswehr must have the same effective arms as the allied shielding forces ..."

Top Bundeswehr Officers' Memorandum, August 19th 1960

"NEVER"

"I would never send out German soldiers without nuclear weapons to meet a nuclear-armed enemy."

Chancellor Adenauer, August 31st 1961

"INSANITY"

"Yes, I am for the atom bomb. I say it would be insanity to write off the bomb and turn back to cannon and tanks as if there were nothing else."

Defence Minister Strauss, August 31st 1961

"REFUSAL"

"The Bundeswehr needs the most modern weapons, including atomic weapons. I would refuse to work in a cabinet which refused to arm the Bundeswehr with atomic weapons."

Cabinet Minister Luecke, August 31st 1961

...PLAN OF AGGRESSION equals...

West Germany officially demands the "liberation" of the GDR and the return of the Polish and Soviet areas beyond the Oder-Neisse frontier which belonged to Hitler Germany in 1937. (These include Silesia, East Prussia and Pomerania). It also encourages the "refugee Landsmannschaften" — like those pictured here — to make claims even beyond the 1937 borders — for the "Sudetenland" area of Czechoslovakia, large parts of Poland, and, in fact, for the "liberation" of all East Europe up to the Urals, camouflaged as a call for a "United Europe".

"Our aim is the liberation of our 18 million brothers and sisters in the Soviet Zone."

Chancellor Adenauer
(September 8th 1953)

"We can hope that if we remain loyal to our allies ... your beautiful homeland East Prussia will be returned to you."

Chancellor Adenauer
(July 10th 1960)

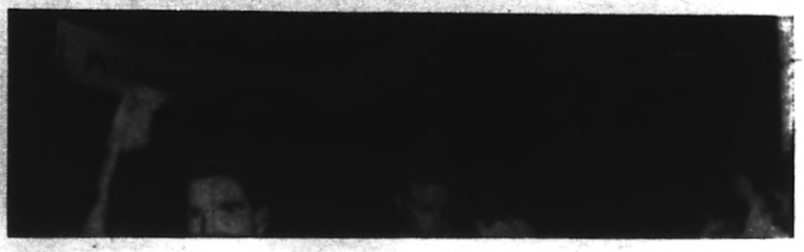
"The Federal Government does not recognise the Oder-Neisse Line as the state frontier. It regards these territories as part of the German state."

Chancellor Adenauer
(October 2nd 1954)

"Our task, our goal must be to remove the frontiers between the people of Europe, in order to gain strength one day to remove the frontiers behind the Iron Curtain as well ...

"And so we shall move forwards on our path, with clear vision, ready to make the last sacrifice for our homeland, for our Sudetenland!"

Cabinet Minister Seebohm
(July 23rd 1960)



"Pomerania (in Poland) Belongs to Us"

"In the words of the German Secretary of State (Walter Hallstein, now Common Market head, ed.) the public has heard the real goal for the first time ... the incorporation of the Federal Republic in the western community, the end of Germany's division and the joining of free West Europe with an eastern Europe freed of Bolshevism — to the Urals."

"Frankfurter Allgemeine Zeitung"
(March 14th 1954)

"First German reunification in freedom, then a free all-German government and then we can determine our eastern frontiers."

Cabinet Minister Lemmer
(September 10th 1960)

"We shall not get back Berlin and we shall not get back the German East in any other way than by means of a United Europe."

Chancellor Adenauer
(February 7th 1952)

"The activities of the Landsmannschaften, their initiative and their great meetings, at which annually hundreds of thousands, yes, millions of Germans take part and demonstrate for their demands, are a mandate and a proof of the correctness of the Federal Government's policy ... The German people cannot recognise

Adenauer Demands Silesia (in Poland)

the Oder-Neisse frontier as present or future frontier of Germany. This fact, however, does not at all mean that we ignore the homeland rights of Germans from areas outside the Reich frontiers of 1937."

State Secretary Franz Thedieck
(June 2nd 1960)

"Freedom for Silesia" (in Poland); Bugles, a Slogan and a Symbol Are Ready

+ NAZI GENERALS
+ MEGADEATH WEAPONS
+ PLAN OF AGGRESSION

= WORLD WAR THREE

BUT THIS EQUATION CAN BE BROKEN!

1. **By sacking Heusinger, Speidel, Foertsch and the 150 other nazi generals and admirals who run the West German armed forces and hold key posts in NATO.**
2. **By refusing annihilation weapons to West Germany, and international steps to reduce armaments in the two German states as a first step to a disarmed and neutral Germany.**
3. **By international recognition of the Oder-Neisse Frontier and all other existing frontiers in Central Europe; by international recognition of the German Democratic Republic, main barrier to West Germany's eastward expansion.**

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